



Infrachain



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BLING Webinar: The Uncertain Promise of Blockchain – 21/1/2021



Is the blockchain promise different for the public sector than the private sector?



Potential to disrupt bigger in private sector
than in public sector?



Properly address challenges





Get everybody involved
(change management)



Example: TOKEN

'TOKEN' aims at developing an experimental ecosystem to enable the adoption of Distributed Ledger Technologies (DLT) as a driver for the transformation of public services towards an open and collaborative government approach.



Token has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under the Grant Agreement no 825268.

Benefits

EFFICIENT

Free/Open Source modules
DLT & Blockchain agnostic
Added value through Pioneer Use Cases
EBSI principles



TRUSTWORTHINESS

Human-centric
Next Generation Internet (NGI) values
Privacy by design



TRANSPARENCY

Open and collaborative
government model
Decentralized & P2P accessibility
Token Data Broker



PRIVACY

Privacy by design
GDPR, KYC and AML compliant
Self-sovereign principles



FLEXIBLE

Modular, interoperable
and transversal
Decentralized and federated
Bottom-up approach



SUSTAINABLE & COST SAVVY

Open commons approach
Avoiding vendor lock-in scenarios



TOKEN PUCs



OBJECTIVE

Bringing experience in cascade funding projects.

BENEFITS

Reduced administrative burden, increased transparency and complementarity.

PUBLIC SERVICE

Grant distribution via competitive open calls.

PROBLEMS TO BE SOLVED

Red-tape burden, lack of transparency and trust, data silos, double granting, biased distribution.

SERVICE OPERATOR

Public Private Partnerships among EC and not-for-profit.

EARLY ADOPTERS

The European Commission, Ministries and regions.



OBJECTIVE

Incorporating blockchain into active Smart Cities projects in Central Macedonia: Municipality of Katerini (MUKA).

BENEFITS

Saving costs and time, increased trust, real time expenditures, audit trials, blockchain-based E-voting system for citizens.

PUBLIC SERVICE

Public procurement.

PROBLEMS TO BE SOLVED

Red-tape burden, lack of transparency and trust, data silos, double granting, corruption.

SERVICE OPERATOR

Katerini Municipality.

EARLY ADOPTERS

Public authorities in general.



OBJECTIVE

Assessing the specific value of DLTs for urban mobility.

BENEFITS

DLTs and IoT for more efficient logistics service and pricing. Greater customer satisfaction; and less congestion for the city.

PUBLIC SERVICE

Mail post / mobility.

PROBLEMS TO BE SOLVED

Last mile logistics in Smart Cities, automation of delivery processes.

SERVICE OPERATOR

Public Private Partnership among Ministry-city and business operators.

EARLY ADOPTERS

Smart Cities.



OBJECTIVE

Improving citizens' lives whilst also increasing urban services efficiency and exploring new economic models, based on data valorization.

BENEFITS

A transparent solution to the evaluation and valorisation of the use of data by third-parties, regardless of who owns the data.

PUBLIC SERVICE

Smart City services.

PROBLEMS TO BE SOLVED

Market valorization of data sets generated by Smart City IoT Platforms.

SERVICE OPERATOR

Santander Municipality (Spain).

EARLY ADOPTERS

Smart Cities.

Conclusion



Do your homework

“ Thank you



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